

Immigration.

The movement of population would appear to be governed by laws with the operation of which it is at all times difficult to interfere. It will doubtless be recollected that a faint effort in the direction of promoting assisted female emigration to this Colony from England was put forth a year ago. It is also known that, more recently, an appeal was made to persons in the Colony desiring to be assisted in bringing from home either farm laborers or relations to cooperate with the local Immigration Board for the purpose of promoting that object. Both of these efforts were upon a very limited scale. Both were designed as merely tentative measures. The former proved extremely unsatisfactory in its results. The latter withered in the bud, doubtless under the chilling influence of the former. The local Board have, it is understood, abandoned, for the present, the experiment of assisted immigration in the more restricted sense of the term; but at the same time they recommend the employment of the more ordinary, and, perhaps, it may be added, more legitimate, means of establishing in some of these centres of population to which we may reasonably look for a supply, agencies for the dissemination of such information respecting this Colony and the best means of reaching it as it might be presumed to promote emigration to our shores. Most persons will doubtless have arrived at the common conclusion that no considerable emigration need be expected to take place from the British Isles to this Colony until a facile channel through British territory shall connect the two great oceans which wash the shores of the Anglo-American Empire. A four months' voyage by sea is rather too formidable an undertaking, and expensive withal. The transcontinental railway presents a speedier means of reaching this distant Colony. Yet we can hardly look for English emigration through American channels. The expense must continue for some years to be too great; and, besides, the temptations to linger or stop by the way are altogether too numerous and too strong to entitle us to expect much from that source. The completion of the Northern Pacific Railway with its terminus on Puget Sound will doubtless modify, though it cannot remove, the objections which apply with greater weight against the Union Pacific Railway. It is perfectly certain that this Colony must receive important accessions to its population before the Canadian Pacific Railway can be opened. But these will be chiefly drawn from neighboring communities. Our rich placer diggings, the gold-bearing quartz ledges almost everywhere to be met with, as well as the great demand for labor arising from the construction of the railway, cannot fail to act as potent immigration agencies. But although we shall thus possess attractions which cannot be successfully resisted by our neighbours, it will become an important duty to so manipulate and guide these influences as to promote that kind of immigration most desirable and calculated in the highest degree to benefit the country permanently. For instance, there are in California and other American territory sloping toward the Pacific many thousands of persons ready to be drawn hither by those influences to which we have adverted. But those who would come solely with the object of working our gold-mines or earning wages upon the great public works of the Colony are not likely to prove the most profitable class. Our great aim should be to attract those who will be most likely to create for themselves permanent homes in British Columbia after the public works which may serve to afford them employment shall have been completed. That there are many thousands of just the kind of men we want to be found in communities not distant is to be believed. How the most effectually to cause Federal expenditure upon the works of the Pacific Province to contribute towards permanent wellbeing becomes at once a fitting subject for earnest thought and energetic action. It cannot well be questioned that if we would make permanent settlers out of navies we must make navies out of right material. So far as the construction of that part of the Canadian Pacific Railway lying to the East of the Rocky Mountains is concerned it is probable that some such scheme as that which was propounded by Mr. Laidlaw in England last year will be adopted; and, so far as the section of country to which it is proposed to be applied is concerned, it may be considered a most effective means for the attainment of the object in view. But it is to be feared that the Laidlaw scheme could hardly be applied to the Rocky Mountains. Thus it becomes our duty to look for some other remedy. The question of Chinese labor can present little difficulty. There need be no hesitation in saying that Chinese labor must not be permitted to enter into the construction of the railway or of the Graving Dock, or, indeed, any work over which the Government can exercise sufficient control. The unreasonableness, the necessity of this position must be sufficiently obvious. There is neither the power nor the desire to make permanent colonists out of Chinese. Every dollar paid in exchange for Chinese labor, save only the infinitesimal portion expended upon living, would be carried out of the country.

What occurs to us to be the most natural way to accomplish the great and vitally important object in view, is immediately, systematically and industriously to disseminate throughout those communities from which we are most likely to draw the first accessions to our population, full, correct and reliable information respecting the country, its climate, resources and the advantages it presents to the immigrant. Could that information comprise a liberal free land grant system, it would be greatly more potent for good. If the many and great attractions and advantages of British Columbia could be presented in a popular and interesting form, there can be little doubt that we should have precisely the kind of population that is wanted coming to our shores in streams of sufficient volume for our capacity of absorption. Nor should the approaching session of the Legislative Council be permitted to pass over without something being done in this direction.

By Electric Telegraph.

SPECIAL TO THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.

Europe.

FLORENCE, Dec 31.—King Victor Emanuel and the principal members of the cabinet have gone to Rome.

MADRID, Dec 31.—The cortes have sanctioned the issue of treasury bonds.

LONDON, Dec 31.—The Post's Moscow correspondent says that a belief in the alliance between the United States and Russia in case of war is becoming all but universal.

HAVRE, Dec 31.—A reconnaissance was made to-day in the direction of Balbec. There was severe fighting with the German outposts and the Germans lost 20 killed and 11 prisoners.

LONDON, Jan. 1st 1871.—The siege artillery arrived before Meany yesterday and the bombardment has commenced.

A battle is expected near Harcourt between Treskow's forces and ten thousand French.

Gen. Manteuffel reports that on Saturday 5 battalions left Rouen and encountered a French brigade which they drove into the Castle of Robert Le Diable which was subsequently stormed by the Prussians. The French loss is 100.

The losses of the besieging force during the bombardment of Fort Avron is reported at 8,000.

Advices from Paris to the 29th of Dec represent that a large portion of Frederick Charles' army has joined the besieging army of Paris as reinforcements. It is reported that Emile Paere (?) has formed in Paris a corps of 12,000 volunteers who have sworn to cut their way through the Prussian lines and organize a levy in the provinces.

LONDON, Dec 30.—A French iron-clad is reported off Roche's Point.

Many German prizes are anchored off Suisun.

LILLE, Dec 30.—Bourbaki and Chaucey have resumed the offensive.

Uhlans are scouring the country between Messiers, Leembrail and Arras.

The French artillery fire at Messiers was very effective and has, so far, prevented the besiegers from erecting batteries.

CHERBOURG, Dec 30.—Recruits are daily arriving in large numbers. They will be drilled and equipped before joining the army in the field.

LONDON, Dec 30.—The Germans invested the fortress of Perouse in the Department of Saone on Wednesday after some sharp fighting.

Prussian dispatches report that Col. Billenstein, commanding a detachment of 6 companies of foot, 2 squadrons of cavalry and 2 guns, was surrounded by French near Mont Toize, and after a desperate fight he cut his way out, losing only 100 of his command and taking 240 prisoners.

Gen. Chaney is moving upon St. Calais. Gen. Werder is retreating on Versou.

Prince Frederick Charles is concentrating at Orleans.

There are fresh reports that peace proposals have been made to Gambetta.

NEW YORK, Dec 30.—Prin has been congratulated on his escape by the Foreign Ministers.

MADRID, Dec 29.—Several battalions of the National Guard who were recruited in the Republican quarters of Madrid refused to attend the review which is to be held on Sunday in honor to the new King. Serious disturbances are apprehended.

It is believed the Government will withdraw the bill suspending the Constitution of Guarantees.

The disarmament of the Republican battalions of national guards has commenced.

The city is now tranquil.

BRASIL, Dec 30.—The Federal Treaty with Baden, Hesse and Wurttemberg has been ratified by the Upper Chamber of Bavarian Diet by nearly a unanimous vote.

LONDON, Dec 30.—Many suppose from Bismarck's last diplomatic note that Prussia will refuse to meet the accredited representative of the French Government, which has commissioned officers who have broken their paroles. Another difficulty is anticipated from protests against the meeting on the part of Prussia and Russia, unless it is understood that all matters foreign to the Paris Treaty be excluded.

A special dated London Dec 30th says that it is officially announced that Bismarck was asked by Washington whether Favre could have a safe conduct to the Conference and Bismarck objected.

Fortescue has been appointed President of the Board of Trade vice John Bright. The Marquis of Hartington has been appointed Secretary for Ireland. Other Cabinet changes are in contemplation.

Second Dispatch.

Europe.

ROME, Dec 31.—Victor Emanuel entered the city to-day.

BORDEAUX, Jan 1.—Gen. Chaucey announces that Gen. Joffray attacked the enemy on the left bank of the Loire near Vendome, and defeated him, taking two hundred prisoners. Chaucey adds that he will continue his forward movement.

VERSAILLES, Dec 31.—A detachment of troops has been sent from Thionville and Verdun to support Von Werner, who is moving against a French column commanded by Bourbaki.

A fine of 50,000 francs has been imposed upon Versailles for the failure of the authorities to procure the stores required by the Germans.

The German engineers doubt the feasibility of holding Avron at present.

Everything is ready for the bombardment on a tremendous scale and simultaneously in a circle around the devoted city. All the officers have gone to the front and the artillery has commenced firing on the French outposts.

MADRID, Dec 31.—General Prim died this morning at 1 o'clock. All engaged in his assassination escaped. The death of Gen Prim produced a profound sensation of grief all over Spain.

The Republican military battalions of Madrid nearly all surrendered their arms by order of the Government.

LONDON, Jan 2.—A correspondent at Versailles on the 28th ult. says: The Prussian troops are daily becoming more dissatisfied at nothing being done to hasten the siege. The Germans have guns heavy enough to send shells clear into Paris, but they have not employed them with any effect. Within a few days, all the heavy guns have been brought to a particular point to destroy one or two forts, and a tremendous effort will be made to capture them.

The Duke of Mecklenburg has been at Versailles and Prince Albert is coming for consultation. The result of the negotiations so far appears to be that the army of Prince Frederick Charles will content itself with simply protecting the besiegers. All troops outside camps will remain on the defensive until reinforcements arrive. Guns and ammunition arrive slowly notwithstanding the almost superhuman energy exercised for that result.

DAHMSTADT, Jan 2.—Prince Louis of Hesse telegraphs to the Government that two regiments of Hessians with a battery fought on Saturday with a superior force of the enemy, to the southeast of Lemours. The Germans lost fifty men.

LONDON, Jan 2.—The constituents of Mr. Gladstone have signed a petition asking him to resign.

The Government at Bordeaux has designated Jules Favre to represent France at the conference.

ROME, Dec 31.—Gen. Sheridan had a grand reception here last night.

MADRID, Dec 31.—The death of Prim has intensified the excitement in this city, and great apprehension of an outbreak of the conspirators exists. Government is making efforts to allay the excitement.

VIENNA, Jan 2.—Field Marshal Moering of the Austrian army died to-day.

LONDON, Jan 2.—A Prussian corvette is hovering off Dangaren.

Mezieres has been occupied by the Germans.

The French have evacuated other forts north-east of Paris since the reduction of Fort Avron and the forts around Paris are silent.

A Prussian division repulsed a superior French force and captured some guns in an engagement near Arras. One hundred and seventy-five French infantry soldiers were made prisoners.

The evacuation of the plateau before Avron by the French causes much depression in Paris.

It is reported that the palace at Malmesbury was set on fire by the guns of Mont Valerien and totally destroyed.

BORDEAUX, Jan 2.—The weather is extremely cold and the troops suffer terribly. Many Prussian and French soldiers have been frozen to death.

Accounts from several districts show that most inhuman atrocities are committed by the enemy without provocation.

BERLIN, Jan 1.—The enemy evacuated the town of Isay after a severe combat with trans-tireurs under Col. Bywas. The German loss was heavy, ours small.

LONDON, Jan 2.—Bismarck writes to Russell that Prussia is justified by the law of nations in sinking English ships in the Seine. Although compensation for the loss has been refused because unaccompanied by an apology, he renews the tender of payment.

Additional artillery is on the way to Paris. The number of guns of all calibers now in front of Paris is 500.

Troops are concentrating in southeastern Russia.

LONDON, Jan 2.—A correspondent at Berlin says:—The Court of Berlin believes that Paris will soon capitulate. There has been a significant interchange of courtesies between Berlin and Wilhelmshöhe, and the Emperor is confident of his restoration.

Oregon.

PORTLAND, Jan 3.—The weather is again changing and now looks like another closing of navigation. At the Dallos yesterday the thermometer read 28° and it is still cold there.

Eastern States.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan 2.—Early this morning the steamers Magent, Grand Era, Julia, A. Rudolph, D. Thompson, Dean and John Howard with their cargoes were burned at the levee, involving a total loss with the exception of the Howard, the hull of which will be saved. Total loss \$510,000, insured for about \$240,000.

The steamship De Soto, hence yesterday evening for New York, took fire 27 miles below the city and burned to the water's edge. Vessel and cargo a total loss. Loss \$250,000.

California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan 1st.—Mdm. Greaser, wife of the Belgian Consul, died last night. A carpenter residing on Clay street above Waverly Place, cut his throat frightfully this afternoon with a chisel, with the intent to commit suicide. His life was saved by prompt surgical aid.

Murphy, who was shot yesterday by young Gunn, is still breathing, though not the slightest chance of recovery exists. Friends are constantly calling at the calaboose to offer bail or other assistance to Gunn, against whom no charge has been entered.

The Russian corvette Bayorin, from Nagasaki, arrived to-day. The Bayorin is the first Russian man-of-war that has visited this port for over a year.

Weather very warm and somewhat cloudy this evening.

The rumor that Judge Sawyer, of the Police Court, will resign and run for Congress, is asserted to be well founded. There is some movement of the kind on foot.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan 2.—The weather is very warm and the streets more dusty than at any time last summer.

The ship Oracle, with a cargo of wheat, sailed for Liverpool to-day. But two ships are now loading with wheat for foreign ports.

Murphy still lives, no change having taken place in his condition for 48 hours.

The steamer Oriflamme arrived this evening from Portland.

Fred Reudinger, of Reudinger & Rahaskoff, nautical and mathematical instrument makers, was found sitting in his chair last evening dead, with a bullet hole in his head and a pistol lying a little way off on the floor. A note on the table near him announced his intention to commit suicide, though giving no reason therefor. What induced the act is a mystery.

Annie Murray, convicted of firing her mother's house at the instigation of the mother whose purpose was to obtain the insurance, has been sentenced to one year's imprisonment. The commitment will not be made out until after her mother's trial, and a pardon will be asked.

Third Dispatch.

Europe.

LONDON, Jan 3.—Part of Chaucey's army is strongly posted near Vendome.

For a week past engagements along the Loire have been successful for the French.

The French have taken 1200 prisoners near Lacharrie. A Prussian column in trying to cross the Loire on the ice lost 370 men, who were taken prisoners.

Advices from Paris, dated Dec 30th, state that the Parisians are urging Trochu to make another sortie with an enormous force, as the French artillery is so numerous and the weather is moderating.

A severe engagement preceded the German evacuation of Grey.

The German retort is confirmed.

VERSAILLES, Jan 3.—The day of a reception to-day: "Great events must have preceded our getting on such a day to such a place. It is due to your heroism and perseverance, and the bravery of the troops; but our object is not to achieve a tactical success. It would be wrong to make a peace if you must continue the duties bringing you here."

The British demands relative to colliers are in progress of adjustment.

Eastern States.

WASHINGTON, Jan 3.—The Public Debt statement shows a reduction during the month of December of \$2,470,700. The total balance is \$107,892,220; including certificates \$149,000. The currency balance is \$29,284,221.

CHICAGO, Jan 3.—Illinois Legislature meets to-morrow. The Senatorial contest is exciting great interest, and the capital is thronged with politicians.

Chicago, Jan 3.—Two cars of a passenger train on the Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad were thrown from the high bridge, 10 miles below here, by the breaking of the axle. Five negroes were killed, and one white man wounded.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

MARK TWAIN'S "INNOCENT ABROAD" will be delivered to Victoria subscribers on or about the 1st February next.

LAKE SCHOOL DISTRICT.

THE SCHOOL TAX FOR 1871 IS NOW due and payable to the undersigned.

TO BE LET.

THAT FIRST CLASS RESIDENCE ON James Bay immediately fronting the bridge. For particulars apply to Government agent.

NOTICE.

THE BUSINESS HERETOFORE carried on by W. DALBY, Government agent, on and after the 1st day of January 1871, will be carried on under the name of

DALBY, WILSON & CO.

All claims against Wm. Dalby must be presented for payment before the 10th of January, and all amounts due to Wm. Dalby must be paid by that time will be placed in the hands of our Solicitor for collection.

DALBY, WILSON & CO.

VICTORIA, B.C., January 31, 1871.

O. O. F.—INSTALLATION.

VICTORIA LODGE NO. 1—A SPECIAL meeting of the above Lodge will be held THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, January 4th, at 7:30 o'clock, at O'Connell's Hall, for the purpose of installing the Officers elected for the ensuing term, to receive the officers' reports and to transact other business necessary prior to installation. By order of the N. G.

AT REDUCED PRICES.

City Boarders per day.....\$ 1.00
Board and Lodging per week..... 10 00
Breakfast from 8 o'clock to 11 o'clock; Lunch, 12 to 2; supper, 5 to 7.

Card of Thanks.

MR. KING, OF CEDAR HILL, BEGS to return his sincere thanks to the undersigned citizens who so generously aided him to repair his severe losses from the calamities fire at Cedar Hill. His thanks are especially given to Mr. J. A. Norris for his great kindness in obtaining and collecting the donations.

The Bishop of Columbia.....\$ 5.00
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Medical.

TO PHYSICIANS.

New York August 15th 1868.
Allow me to call your attention to my PREPARATION OF COMPOUND EXTRACT BUCHU. The component parts are, BUCHU, LOGS LEAF, CURRERS, JUNIPER BERRIES.
Mode of Preparation—Buchu, in vacuum, under Berries, by distillation, to form a fine gum. Extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper Berries; very little sugar is used and a small proportion of spirit. It is more palatable than any new wine.
Buchu as prepared by Druggists, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of a flame destroys this (its active principle), leaving a dark and glutinous decoction. Since the color of ingredients, the Buchu in my preparation predominates. The smallest quantity of the other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation; upon inspection it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopoeia, nor is it a Syrup—and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflammation exists. In this you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.
Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that you will find it will meet with your approbation.
With a feeling of profound confidence.
I am, very respectfully,
H. T. HELMBOLD
Chemist and Druggist of 10 years' experience

From the largest Manufacturing Chemist in the world.
I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. Helmbold, he occupied the Drug Store opposite my residence, and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise.

WILLIAM WRIGHTMAN,
Firm of Powers and Weigh man, Manufacturing Chemist
Ninth and Brown streets, Philadelphia.

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU!

For weakness arising from indigestion. The exhaustive powers of Nature which are accompanied by so many alarming symptoms, among which will be found, Indigestion to Excretion, Loss of Memory, Wakefulness, Nervousness, or Excess of Bile; in fact, Universal Lassitude, Prostration and inability to enter into the enjoyment of society.

THE CONSTITUTION

Once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate a system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, variably does. If no treatment is submitted to, complete prostration or insanity ensues.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

In affections peculiar to females, is unequalled by any other preparation, and all complaints incidental to the sex, or the decline of age.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

AND

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at the expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure, completely supplanting those unpleasant and dangerous remedies. Copalva and Mercury, in all these diseases.

USE

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

All diseases of these organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, "immediate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.
These affections from broken down or delicate constitutions, procure the remedy at once.
The reader must be aware that, however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect the bodily health and mental powers.
All the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price \$1.25 per bottle, or 6 Bottles for \$6.50. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications.

ADDRESS,
H. T. HELMBOLD

Drug and Chemical Warehouse,
694 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

NONE ARE GENUINE unless done up in steel engraved wrapper with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed H. T. HELMBOLD.

New Advertisements.

EXMONTG'Y CASTLE

New Goods!

New Goods!

Now Landing

AND FOR SALE BY
Janion, Rhodes & Co.

BLANKETS—24 pt White, Blue, Green and Scarlet
3 pt White, Blue, Green and Scarlet
3 1/2 and 4 pt all colors

EARTHENWARE—A fine invoice of Crockery and China ware, well assorted

BOTTLED BEER—Blood, Wolf & Co's XXX Stout
Ries & Co's Pale Ale
Younger's Pale Ale
Ind, Coope & Co's Pale Ale

GUINNESS STOUT in pints and quarts.
PAPER HANGINGS—In assorted cases, with Borders in each case

BOILED OIL—In patent Drums and Barrels
WHITE LEAD—No 1 of extra quality and No 2

ALE & PORTER CORKS—In Cases
Soda Water and Ginger Beer Corks in cases

ENGLISH CHEESE—In Small Cases
OILMEN'S STORES—Pickles, Sauces, Pie Fruits, Chutney Powder, Extra Quality Salad Oil, Mustard, &c.

SCOTCH OATMEAL—In tins, of extra quality
YELLOW SOAP—In 18 lb. and 56 lb. boxes
MOTTLED SOAP in cwt, 1-2 & 1-4 boxes
CANDLES—Price's and Taylor's in 25 lb boxes.

CRUSHED SUGAR—In tall barrels
NEW CURRANTS—Of extra quality, in tins

SAGO, Tapioca, Arrowroot, Pearl Barley
LIVERPOOL SALT—In 100 lb bags
TABLE SALT—In glass jars

Armstrong's Celebrated MUSTARD, super-fine and Double Superfine in lb. and 1-2 lb. tins

CONFECTIONERY—English made, fine quality
Brussels Carpets & Tapestry Carpets
Printed Felt Carpeting

Hudson Matting—assorted patterns
Burlap Bags, Heavy Twilled Grain
Sacks

Balmoral Skirts, Embroidered Skirts
Printed Skirts
Shawls—A good assortment
Printed Cottons—A sorted
Printed Cotton Handkerchiefs

White Cambric Handkerchiefs
White Huckaback Towels, Turkish Towels
Diapers, Table Napkins

P G SHEET IRON, Nos 12 to 27
HOOP IRON—3-4, 7-8, 1 and 1-1/4 in
Galvanized Sheet Iron, Nos 18 to 26
Galvanized Iron Buckets, 11 and 12 in
Window Glass, 8x10 to 16x20

Cut Glassware—A fine assortment of Decanters, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, Carafes and Fancy
Cut Glassware, Also Lamp Chimneys and Globes

Wines and Spirits.

Brandy—Hennessy, Martell, Otard, Dupuy & Co's, and Renoult's
Fine Brandy in quarter casks
Do Do Do in cases

Sherry—Fine quality and medium, in quarter casks
Port—Do Do Do
Whiskies—Fine old Scotch and Irish, in quarter casks and cases

Old Tom Gin—In cases, of extra quality
Rum—In hogsheds
Champagne—Reinart Pere et Fils, celebrated Carte Blanche Brand in pints and quarts

Angostura, Boker and Dutch Bitters
For Sale in quantities to suit, IN ROND OR DUTY PAID.
JANION, R H DES & CO,
oct1 3mls

Dry Goods, Etc.

New Goods.

Findlay Durham & Brodie

HAVE RECEIVED
EX 'A D A,'

FROM LONDON,
Liquors:

SCOTCH WHISKY—Thorne's celebrated blend in q r cks and cs
IRISH WHISKY—Dunville's in q r cks and cs
BRANDY—Hines', equal to Hennessy, in q r cks and cs
OLD TOM—Swaine Boord's in cs
SHERRY—In bulk and case
GINGER LIQUEUR—In cs

Oilman's Stores. Provisions. &c.

A full assortment of Crosse & Blackwell's Stores
PICKLES—
TEA—Congou in hf chests
SAGO—
Cocon, Soap, Candles (Price & Belmont's)

Sanclaries:

Nobles & Hoare's celebrated Varnishes
Letchford's Inks
Shot and Ball
Guns—double and single
Iron—Bar and Sheet
TIN PLATE
TWIN—Fishing, Seine and Baling
PERFUMERY—Hair Oil, Violet Powder, Windsor Soap, &c.

AND A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
Dry Goods & Blankets
Hats & Caps,
Clothing, Boots & Shoes

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency ANTHONY MUSGRAVE, Esquire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of British Columbia and its Dependencies, Vice-Admiral and Ordinary of the same, &c., &c., &c.

To the Honorable Members of the Legislative Council of the said Colony, constituted under the order of Her Majesty in Council, bearing date the ninth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and seventy; and all others whom it may concern:

WHEREAS BY AN ORDER, MADE by Her Majesty in Council, bearing date the ninth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and seventy, and made in pursuance of the 4th (18th) of the said Act, 1870, it was ordered (amongst other things) that the Order in Council of the 11th day of June, one thousand eight hundred and sixty eight, referred to in the said Act, should be and the same was, thereby revoked, except that the Legislative Council constituted by the said Order, should "unless first dissolved by the Governor" retain all the powers therein mentioned; That it should be lawful for the Governor, with the advice and consent of the said Council, to make laws for the peace, order, and good government of the said Colony; and that the Governor should, by Proclamation, fix the time and place for holding the Meetings of the said Council.

And, whereas the Members of the Legislative Council, referred to in the said Order of the ninth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and seventy, have been duly elected, and are now returned into the Office of the Registrar of the Supreme Court, and the Order in Council of the 11th day of June, one thousand eight hundred and sixty eight, and the Legislative Council constituted thereunder have been and are now fully determined and ended.

And, whereas it has seemed to me desirable to summon and convene an early meeting of the now Legislative Council.

Now, therefore, by virtue of the power conferred upon me by the said Order in Council, and of all other powers and authorities in me in that behalf vested, I do hereby summon and call together the Legislative Council of British Columbia, as constituted under the said Order in Council of the ninth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and seventy, to meet at the City of Victoria, on the 11th day of January, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, for the dispatch of business, and to treat and conclude upon those things which in the said Legislative Council may be required.

GIVEN under my hand and seal, at Victoria, the nineteenth day of December, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy, and in the thirty-fourth year of Her Majesty's reign.
A. MUSGRAVE.
By Command,
Philip J. HANLEY
Colonial Secretary. de22

NORTON'S

CANOMILE PILLS

ARE CONFIDENTLY RECOMMENDED AS A simple but certain remedy for Indigestion. They act as a powerful tonic and gentle aperient; are mild in their operation; safe under any circumstances; and thousands of persons can now bear testimony to the benefits derived from their use.

Sold in bottles at 1s 1/4, 2s 1/4 and 11s each, by Chemists, Druggists and Storekeepers in all parts of the world. Orders to be made payable by London House.

Have You Been There?
Where?

Why to the ARCADE, OF COURSE
To get one of those GREAT BIG FELLOWS
Levy is now dishing up to tickle the palates of his numerous patrons. ARCADE OYSTER SALOON,
Government st, near Johnson

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES—Which
ARE ABUNDANTLY RECOMMENDED BY THE FACULTY, Testimony
of whom may be seen.—Sold in Boxes and Tins, by

Notices.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN,
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT
James Cooper, by his last will and testament, dated 20th day of September, 1870, conveyed and assigned his dwelling House and Premises situated at James Bay, Victoria, and all his Furniture and other Goods, Chattels and Effects therein, unto Thomas Lett Stahlschmidt, as security for payment of certain monies in the said deed mentioned; and that the said Thomas Lett Stahlschmidt has taken possession of the premises comprised in the said deed.

DRAKE, the Kelson will not continue to be the matter of the Estate of John Goodacre, a Bankrupt.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia, in Bankruptcy.
In the matter of the Estate of John Goodacre, a Bankrupt.

THE BANKRUPTCY BEARING THIS DAY
passed his examination before the Honorable the Chief Justice, who came up on his application for his Certificate on Wednesday the 18th day of January at 12 o'clock noon

ROBERT DUNLOP,
Solicitor to the Trust Assignee.

A CARD.
HAVING LEARNED THAT CERTAIN
Interested parties are spreading the report that the Honorable the Chief Justice will not continue to be run regularly to Cariboo is heretofore, I beg to state that not only will that business be continued in all its past efficiency, but that arrangements are being made for greatly reducing the rate of charges and increasing the efficiency of the service, as soon as the Spring opens.

NOTICE
FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE I
will only accept COUPONS FOR RENTS as well as other payments to be made to me.
L. LOWENBERG

Royal Hospital.
SUBSCRIBERS TO THE ROYAL HOSPITAL
are respectfully informed that their Annual Donations are now due and will be thankfully received by
A. F. PEMBERTON,
Treasurer.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT
the Crown Grants of survey of Lands in the former Colony of Vancouver Island and its Dependencies (excepting only those in Victoria District) as well as in the Island of British Columbia, the purchase money of which has been fully paid, will on proper application for the same be at once issued.

Such Crown Grants will be made out invariably in the name of the original purchaser from Government, unless in such special cases as are provided for under the "Crown Grant Ordinance, 1870."

Applications must be made by letter, addressed to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works and Surveyor General, giving the Christian and Surnames in full, of the persons to whom the Crown Grants are to be made, and enclosing the receipts for the purchase money of the Lands referred to.

Should it be inconvenient for the person in whose name any such Crown Grant is made, to receive the same at this Office, it will be handed to any Agent duly authorized by some instrument in writing, to give a receipt for the same.

Lands and Works Office,
Victoria, Dec 16th, 1870. de20

PUBLIC NOTICE.
ALL PERSONS IN OCCUPATION OF
A Surveyed Lands in the undermentioned Districts, viz—
Esquimalt, Quatrefoil, Somers, Canby, Soko, Highland, Kennedy, Lake, South Saanich, Slawgan, Cowichan,
the right to purchase which Lands is legally held by the Government under the "Vancouver Island Land Promotions of 1861 and 1862," which Records were made prior to the 1st January, 1870, are hereby required to pay into this Office the amount of the installment due thereon, on or before the 31st March next ensuing.

By Command,
JOSEPH W. TRUTCH.

Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 9th December, 1870.

SUPPLIES FOR LIGHTHOUSES.
SEALED TENDERS, ADDRESSED TO
The Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, will be received until noon of the 31st instant, for the supply of Provisions to the Race Point Lighthouse and to the Fraser River Light Ship.

A Schedule to be seen at the Land Office of Articles to be supplied, and a copy of the Contract which will require to be signed by the Contractor.
The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.
Further particulars may be obtained at the Land Office.

JOSEPH W. TRUTCH.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 23rd December, 1870. de28

\$100 REWARD.
WILL BE PAID FOR THE ARREST
and conviction of the party or parties who set fire to a stock of wool belonging to the undersigned on Monday night last on the Burnside farm.

M. ROWLAND.
Burnside Farm, 27th Dec., 1870. de28

NOTICE.
Dissolution of Partnership.

THE FIRM OF GREELY & PETERRE
was dissolved on the 1st day of November, 1870. All debts due to the late firm are to be paid forthwith.

ROBERT BURNABY,
Receiver of the Estate,
J. PETERRE,
Managing Partner.

Wharf Street, Victoria, V.I.,
17th Nov., 1870. no19

ESQUIMALT MAIL NOTICE
THE DEPT. FOR THE ESQUIMALT
press, conveying the daily Mail, Passengers, Parcels, &c., and calling at Esquimalt and Crab House, is at MR. BAYNE'S, corner of Government and Yates st. All orders and parcels left there will receive prompt attention.

Postmaster Esquimalt.
N. B. There is now a special box at the Post Office for PAID Letters for Esquimalt.

T. J. Mills Bowden,
DENTAL SURGEON
HAS PERMANENTLY LOCATED
H and M to be found at his office corner of Government and Baiton streets, Victoria. Hours from 9 a.m. till 4 p.m. oc15

War amongst the Coal
Heavers!
DOWNFALL OF THE CASBY MEN!

CHRISTMAS HAMS
AT REDUCED PRICES!
Heywood's Yorkshire Style
SUGAR CURED HAMS
From and after this date, will be SOLD at
25 Cents per Pound.

Elegant fine new Sausage
BREAKFAST BACON.
And added NEW LARD put up in all kinds of Packages.
SMOKED TONGUES \$1 per dozen.
Remember Hams are only one quarter dollar per pound at the
YORKSHIRE MARKET. de20

GOOD WINE NEEDS NO BUSH!
MITCHELL & JOHNSON'S
Currant Wine
IS NOW ON SALE AT THEIR
SEED STORE AND NURSERY,
FORT STREET, VICTORIA. de22

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES—Which
ARE ABUNDANTLY RECOMMENDED BY THE FACULTY, Testimony
of whom may be seen.—Sold in Boxes and Tins, by

Medical.

French Medicines.

PREPARED BY
GRIMAULT & CO.

PARIS.

These different medicines represent the most recent medical discoveries, founded on the principles of Chemistry and therapeutics. They must not be confused with secret or quick medicines, as their names sufficiently indicate their composition; a circumstance which has caused them to be appreciated and prescribed by the faculty in the whole world. They widely differ from those numerous medicines advertised in the public papers as able to cure every possible disease, as they are applicable only to but a very few complaints. The most stringent laws exist in France, with regard to the sale of medical preparations, and only those which have undergone a examination by the Academy of Medicine, and have been proved efficacious, either in the Hospitals, or in the practice of the first medical men, are authorized by the Government. This fact must be a guarantee for the excellence of Messrs. GRIMAULT & Co's medicines.

Women's and Children's Diseases.

Grimault's Syrup of Iodized
Horse Radish.

Patronized for more than twenty years by the Paris Physicians, Cures lymphatic, rachitis, scrofula, congestion of the glands of the neck, paleness and flabbiness of the flesh, loss of appetite, weakness of constitution, the various eruptions of the face, hollie, pimples, &c.,—It is the best remedy against the first stage of consumption, and is the most powerful depurative now.

DOCTOR LERAS.
(Doctor of Medicine.)
SOLUBLE PHOSPHATE OF IRON.

Clear as spring water and tasteless: has the advantage over all the various preparations of containing iron and Phosphorus, which are the elements of the blood. It cures chlorosis, paleness in the stomach, difficult digestion, diarrhoea, anæmia, general debility and prostration of the blood, and agrees especially with the most delicate stomachs.

LUNG DISEASES.
Grimault's Syrup of Hypo-phosphite of Lime.

It is the best and the most rational of all remedies against consumption. Under its influence the cough abates, the night sweats cease, and the patient rapidly recovers health. It gives the same results in cases of coughs, catarrhs, hooping coughs and influenza. In comparing this syrup with the other sold under the same name, it will be easy to recognize the superiority of this preparation.

Therefore to avoid any substitution, please to require the bottle the signature: GRIMAULT and Co.

NERVOUS HEADACHE
and NEURALGIA.
GUARANA.

A single powder of this natural vegetable production is sufficient to cure instantly the most violent sick headache. It is the most valuable remedy against diarrhoea.

Digestive Powders, Pills & Elixir of
PEPSINE.

On certain effect against nausea, pituita, heart burn, gastritis, gastralgia, a child's diarrhoea, inflammation of the mucous coat of the stomach and bowels, vomiting during pregnancy, jaundice, &c.

NO MORE COPALIBA OR CUBERS.
Grimault's Capsules and Liquid Extract of Matiao Vegetalis.

Where all other Medicines have failed, these preparations will always effect a cure. These insure rapid and extraordinary cure of severe, recent and chronic cases of private disease. They are used in the Hospitals of Paris, by the celebrated Dr. Ricord, and are found greatly superior to all higher known mineral remedies, such as Copaliba and Cubers. The injection is used in recent and capsules in the more chronic cases.

NO MORE DIFFICULT OR PAINFUL
DIGESTION!
DR BURIN DUBUISSON'S
DIGESTIVE LOZENGES.

This delicious preparation is always prescribed by the most celebrated medical men in France, in cases of derangements of the digestive functions, such as gastritis, catarrhs, long and laborious digestions, wind in the stomach and bowels, emaciation, jaundice and complaints of the liver and lungs.

They are considered by physicians as being superior to the celebrated Vichy Lozenge.

Fargesse's Syrup & Faste
OF SEA PINE SAP.

These preparations are invaluable and taken with the utmost moderation consumption and the various diseases of the chest, and especially for coughs, colds, catarrhs, influenza, hooping cough, bronchitis, asthma, and also for the different affections of the urinary organs.

FERRUGINOUS SYRUP.
OF PERUVIAN BARK.

Superior to all the compounds of Iron for all diseases of the chest, fainting, nervous affections, painful digestion and impoverished blood. It is recognized as the best and most agreeable remedy.

ASTHMA. ASTHMA. ASTHMA
INDIAN CIGARETTES
Prepared with the Essence of Cannabis indica

Wonderful results have been obtained from the use of these cigarettes, by persons suffering from Asthma and other complaints of the respiratory organs.

N. B.—All the above medical preparations are accompanied by instructions as to the manner in which they are to be taken.

General Depot:
Messrs. LANGLEY & CO.
YATES STREET, VICTORIA.

Miscellaneous.

NEW GOODS!

BURNS & EDWARDS
Corner of Yates and Broad streets

NOW LANDING,
EX A D A.

EARTHENWARE—A complete assortment of Crockery and china ware
GLASSWARE—Cut glass, Wines, Tumblers, Goblets, sugars and Creams, Butters, Oval Jars, Vases, &c.

ELECTRO PLATEDWARE—Tea Services, Table and Dessert Spoons and Forks, Crust Frames

Coal Oil Lamps Carpets & Floor Cloth.
DRY GOODS—Jenon, Udon and Cotton Tick, White Duck, Brown Holland Tweeds, Towels, Turkey Red Handkerchiefs, French Merinos, Alpaca, Wines, Flannels, Fancy Dress Goods, Prints, Bed Quilt, Table Covers and Cloth.

CLOTHING—Beaver and Tweed Trousers, Beaver and Wicker Jackets, Black Cloth Suits.
SUNDRIES—Willow ware, Wall Paper, Tinware, Looking Glasses, Carpenters' Tools, Window Glass, Window Blinds, Flat Irons, Fenders and Fire Tongs, Axes, Potscrapers, Stove Scrub, Hammer and Nail Brushes, Playin Cards, Soupspoons, Engraving, &c.

GOVERNMENT ST, three doors from the St Nicholas Hotel
Fashionable Clothier,
—AND—
GENERAL OUTFITTER.

HAS JUST RECEIVED, EX MONTGOMERY CASTLE and other late arrivals, a large and choice stock of
Fall & Winter Goods

Comprising in part of:
WATERPROOF PILOT COATS
BEAVER INVERNESS CAPES
CASSIMERE SUITS
HATS AND CAPS, &c.
And a Large Assortment of
FURNISHING GOODS,
Which he offers at a Small Advance on Cost.

ROBINSON'S
Celebrated Magic Soap
DIRECTIONS.

For doing a Large Family washing in Two Hours; of Five or Six Pieces.

1. Cut up fine a bar of the Soap, and put one-half of it into your boiler with sufficient water to cover your white clothes to be washed, and let the soap dissolve; then put a half, then pour out enough water to cover them, and let them soak twenty or thirty minutes, stirring them around in the tub occasionally to loosen the dirt. Such articles as collars, cuffs, bands or any other article very dirty, should be rubbed through the hands a little while soaking in order to loosen the dirt before being done.

2. While your clothes are soaking put the half of your soap into your boiler, with sufficient clean water to boil, and let it be heating. After your clothes have soaked wring them well and put into your boiling water, and let boil from 5 to 10 minutes, then rinse, and hang out to dry. If the above directions are followed, 3. For your colored and woolen clothes use the same water you soaked and boiled your white clothes with, only leaving it up again, and dip it over your colored clothes, and let soak the same as your white clothes, and then wring them through your hands while soaking it very dirty. Then rinse in clean warm water, as your hands will bear, and you will thus accomplish a large washing in two hours.

By cutting up a bar of this soap into two halves, water, and let boil until thoroughly dissolved, then leave to cool, you will have two gallons of boiling water, as good as Common Soap for general house purposes.

FACTORY—James Bay, Victoria; B. C. oc27 3m

Robertson & Farr.
BLACKSMITHS,
WAGON AND CARRIAGE BUILDERS.

HAVING LEASED THE SHOP
at Johnson street, next door to Burdett's, they are prepared to do anything in the above line with neatness and dispatch.

Also—Particular attention paid to HORSE-SHOEN and JOBBING.
All orders from the Country promptly attended

"TO WARM THE COCKLES OF YOUR HEART."
HERRING'S
RED AND BLACK
Currant Wine

GUARANTEED PURE AND FREE OF SPIRITS.
A healthful and harmless beverage for the Holidays. For sale by all the chemists and by
ALEX. PHILLIPS,
Agent in Victoria.

To the Unfortunate.

New Remedies! New Remedies!
DR. GIBBON'S DISPENSARY.

No 623 Kearney Street Corner Commercial, San Francisco, established in 1854. For the treatment of Sexual and Venereal diseases, such as Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Eczema, Scrofula, &c. All its forms, including Venereal, Syphilis, Eczema, Scrofula, &c. All its forms, including Venereal, Syphilis, Eczema, Scrofula, &c.

DR. GIBBON has the pleasure of announcing that he has returned from visiting the principal hospitals of Europe, and has resumed practice at his Dispensary, 623 Kearney street, corner of Commercial, where his old patients and those requiring his services may find him.

The factor has spared her time no money in seeking out new remedies, and has returned with increased facilities for the alleviation of human suffering.

Seminal Weakness.
Seminal emission is the consequence of self-abuse. This solitary vice, a depraved sexual indulgence, is practiced by the youth of both sexes to an